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## Safety Data Sheet

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### OR-BLBM, Part A

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#### Section 1 – Identification

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Oak Ridge Foam & Coating Systems, Inc  
575 Commercial Ave  
Green Lake, WI 54941

Emergency Telephone: (800) 424-9300 Chemtrec  
800-625-9577 Oak Ridge Foam & Coating Systems, Inc  
BOTH NUMBERS ARE AVAILABLE DAYS, NIGHTS, WEEKENDS, & HOLIDAYS

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#### Section 2 – Hazards Identification

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##### GHS Classification

Acute toxicity (inhalation):	Category 4
Specific target organ toxicity- single exposure:	Category 3 (Respiratory system)
Respiratory sensitization:	Category 1
Skin irritation:	Category 2
Skin sensitization:	Category 1
Eye irritation:	Category 2B

##### GHS Label Elements

Hazard pictograms:



Signal word: Danger

Hazard Statements: Causes skin and eye irritation.  
May cause an allergic skin reaction.  
Harmful if inhaled.  
May cause allergy or asthma symptoms or breathing difficulties if inhaled.

Precautionary Statements: **Prevention:**  
Avoid breathing dust/fume/gas/mist/vapours/spray.  
Wash skin thoroughly after handling.  
Use only outdoors or in a well-ventilated area.  
Contaminated work clothing should not be allowed out of the workplace.  
Wear protective gloves.  
In case of inadequate ventilation wear respiratory protection.

**Response:**

IF ON SKIN: Wash with plenty of soap and water.

IF INHALED: Remove person to fresh air and keep comfortable for breathing. Call a POISON CENTER/doctor if you feel unwell.

IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing.

If skin irritation or rash occurs: Get medical advice/attention.

If eye irritation persists: Get medical advice/attention.

If experiencing respiratory symptoms: Call a POISON CENTER/doctor.

Take off contaminated clothing and wash before reuse.

**Storage:**

Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep container tightly closed.

**Disposal:**

Dispose of contents/container to an approved facility in accordance with local, regional, national and international regulations.

Other hazards: None known.

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### Section 3 – Hazards Identification

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**Hazardous Components**

Weight Percent	Components	CAS-No.
50-70%	4,4'-methylenediphenyl diisocyanate	101-68-8
30-50%	1,3-Butanediol, polymer with 1,1'-methylenebis[4-isocyanatobenzene], [(1-methyl-1,2-ethanediyl)bis(oxy)]bis[propanol] and 1,2-propanediol	70644-57-4
20-30%	Homopolymer of methylenediphenyl diisocyanate	25686-28-6
0.1-0.25%	2,6-di-tert-butyl-p-cresol	128-37-0

The specific chemical identity and/or exact percentage of component(s) have been withheld as a trade secret.

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### Section 4 – First Aid Measures

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**General advice:** Move out of dangerous area.  
Do not leave the victim unattended.  
Get medical attention immediately if symptoms occur.  
Show this safety data sheet to the doctor in attendance.

**If inhaled:** If breathed in, move person into fresh air.  
Call a physician or poison control centre immediately.  
Keep patient warm and at rest.  
Keep respiratory tract clear.  
If breathing is difficult, give oxygen.  
If breathing is irregular or stopped, administer artificial respiration.  
If unconscious, place in recovery position and seek medical advice.  
Consult a physician immediately if symptoms such as shortness of breath or asthma are observed.  
A hyper-reactive response to even minimal concentrations of diisocyanates may develop in sensitised persons.  
The exposed person may need to be kept under medical surveillance for 48 hours.  
LC50 (rat) : ca. 490 mg/m<sup>3</sup> (4 hours) : using experimentally produced respirable aerosol having aerodynamic diameter <5microns.

**In case of skin contact:** In case of contact, immediately flush skin with soap and plenty of water.  
Take off contaminated clothing and shoes immediately.  
Wash contaminated clothing before reuse.  
Thoroughly clean shoes before reuse.  
Call a physician if irritation develops or persists.  
An MDI study has demonstrated that a polyglycol-based skin cleanser (such as D-Tam™, PEG-400) or corn oil may be more effective than soap and water.

**In case of eye contact:** Rinse immediately with plenty of water, also under the eyelids, for at least 15 minutes.  
If easy to do, remove contact lens, if worn.  
Protect unharmed eye.  
Keep eye wide open while rinsing.  
If eye irritation persists, consult a specialist.

**If swallowed:** Gently wipe or rinse the inside of the mouth with water.  
DO NOT induce vomiting unless directed to do so by a physician or poison control center.  
Keep respiratory tract clear.  
Keep at rest.  
If a person vomits when lying on his back, place him in the recovery position.  
Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person.  
If symptoms persist, call a physician.  
Take victim immediately to hospital.

**Most important symptoms and effects, both**

**acute and delayed:** Severe allergic skin reactions, bronchospasm and anaphylactic shock  
This product is a respiratory irritant and potential respiratory sensitiser: repeated inhalation of vapour or aerosol at levels above the occupational exposure limit could cause respiratory sensitisation.  
Symptoms may include irritation to the eyes, nose, throat and lungs, possibly combined with dryness of the throat, tightness of chest and difficulty in breathing.  
The onset of the respiratory symptoms may be delayed for several hours after exposure.  
A hyper-reactive response to even minimal concentrations of MDI may develop in sensitised persons.

**Protection of first-aiders:** No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training.  
It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation.  
If potential for exposure exists refer to Section 8 for specific personal protective equipment.  
First Aid responders should pay attention to self-protection and use the recommended protective clothing

**Notes to physician:** Symptomatic and supportive therapy as needed. Following severe exposure medical follow-up should be monitored for at least 48 hours.  
The first aid procedure should be established in consultation with the doctor responsible for industrial medicine.

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## Section 5 – Fire Fighting Measures

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**Suitable extinguishing media:** Use extinguishing measures that are appropriate to local circumstances and the surrounding environment.  
Foam

Carbon dioxide (CO<sub>2</sub>)  
Dry powder

**Unsuitable extinguishing media:** Water may be used if no other available and then in copious quantities. Reaction between water and hot isocyanate may be vigorous.

**Specific hazards during firefighting:** Do not allow run-off from fire fighting to enter drains or water courses.

The pressure in sealed containers can increase under the influence of heat. Exposure to decomposition products may be a hazard to health.

**Hazardous combustion Products:** Carbon monoxide, carbon dioxide and unburned hydrocarbons (smoke).  
Nitrogen oxides (NO<sub>x</sub>)  
Hydrogen cyanide (hydrocyanic acid)

**Specific extinguishing methods:** Cool containers/tanks with water spray.

**Further information:** Standard procedure for chemical fires.  
Due to reaction with water producing CO<sub>2</sub>-gas, a hazardous build-up of pressure could result if contaminated containers are re-sealed.  
Collect contaminated fire extinguishing water separately. This must not be discharged into drains.  
Prevent fire extinguishing water from contaminating surface water or the ground water system.  
Fire residues and contaminated fire extinguishing water must be disposed of in accordance with local regulations.

**Special protective equipment for firefighters:** Wear an approved positive pressure self-contained breathing apparatus in addition to standard fire fighting gear.

## Section 6 – Accidental Release Measures

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### **Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures:**

Immediately evacuate personnel to safe areas.  
Use personal protective equipment.  
If specialised clothing is required to deal with the spillage, take note of any information in Section 8 on suitable and unsuitable materials.  
Ensure adequate ventilation.  
Keep people away from and upwind of spill/leak.  
Only qualified personnel equipped with suitable protective equipment may intervene.  
For additional precautions and advice on safe handling, see section 7.  
Never return spills in original containers for re-use.  
Make sure that there is a sufficient amount of neutralizing/ absorbent material near the storage area.  
The danger areas must be delimited and identified using relevant warning and safety signs.  
Treat recovered material as described in the section "Disposal considerations".  
For disposal considerations see section 13.

**Environmental precautions:**

Do not allow uncontrolled discharge of product into the environment.  
Do not allow material to contaminate ground water system.  
Prevent product from entering drains.  
Prevent further leakage or spillage if safe to do so.  
Local authorities should be advised if significant spillages cannot be contained.  
If the product contaminates rivers and lakes or drains inform respective authorities.

**Methods and materials for containment and cleaning up:**

Clean-up methods - small spillage  
Contain spillage, soak up with non-combustible absorbent material, (e.g. sand, earth, diatomaceous earth, vermiculite) and transfer to a container for disposal according to local / national regulations (see section 13).  
Clean contaminated surface thoroughly.  
Sweep up or vacuum up spillage and collect in suitable container for disposal.  
Neutralize small spillages with decontaminant.  
The compositions of liquid decontaminants are given in Section 16.  
Remove and dispose of residues.  
Clean-up methods - large spillage  
If the product is in its solid form:  
Spilled MDI flakes should be picked up carefully.  
The area should be vacuum cleaned to remove remaining dust particles completely.  
If the product is in its liquid form:  
Soak up with inert absorbent material (e.g. sand, silica gel, acid binder, universal binder, sawdust).  
Leave to react for at least 30 minutes.  
Shovel into open-top drums for further decontamination.  
Wash the spillage area with water.  
Test atmosphere for MDI vapour.  
Keep in suitable, closed containers for disposal.

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**Section 7 – Storage and Handling**

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**Technical measures:** Ensure that eyewash stations and safety showers are close to the workstation location.

**Local/Total ventilation:** Use only with adequate ventilation.

**Advice on protection against fire and explosion:** Normal measures for preventive fire protection.

**Advice on safe handling:** For personal protection see section 8.

Avoid formation of aerosol.  
Do not breathe vapours or spray mist.  
Do not breathe vapours/dust.  
Do not swallow.  
Do not get in eyes or mouth or on skin.  
Do not get on skin or clothing.  
Avoid exposure - obtain special instructions before use.  
Smoking, eating and drinking should be prohibited in the application area.  
Provide sufficient air exchange and/or exhaust in work rooms.

Keep container closed when not in use.  
 Open drum carefully as content may be under pressure.  
 Dispose of rinse water in accordance with local and national regulations.  
 Persons susceptible to skin sensitisation problems or asthma, allergies, chronic or recurrent respiratory disease should not be employed in any process in which this mixture is being used.

**Conditions for safe storage:** Keep containers tightly closed in a dry, cool and well-ventilated place.  
 Keep in properly labelled containers.  
 Observe label precautions.  
 Protect from moisture.  
 Electrical installations / working materials must comply with the technological safety standards.  
 Containers which are opened must be carefully resealed and kept upright to prevent leakage.

**Materials to avoid:** Acids  
 Amines  
 Bases  
 Metals  
 water

### Section 8 – Exposure Controls/Personal Protection

#### Components with workplace control parameters

Components	CAS-No.	Value Type (Form of exposure)	Control parameters / Permissible concentration	Basis
4,4'-methylenediphenyl diisocyanate	101-68-8	TWA	0.005 ppm	ACGIH
2,6-di-tert-butyl-p-cresol	128-37-0	TWA (Inhalable fraction and vapor)	2 mg/m3	ACGIH

#### Personal protective equipment

**Respiratory protection:** Use a properly fitted, air-purifying or air-fed respirator complying with an approved standard if a risk assessment indicates this is necessary.  
 Respirator selection must be based on known or anticipated exposure levels, the hazards of the product and the safe working limits of the selected respirator.

**Hand protection Remarks:** The suitability for a specific workplace should be discussed with the producers of the protective gloves.  
 Protective gloves should be worn when handling freshly made polyurethane products to avoid contact with trace residual materials which may be hazardous in contact with skin.  
 Use chemical resistant gloves classified under Standard EN374: protective gloves against chemicals and microorganisms. Examples of glove materials that might provide suitable protection include: Butyl rubber, Chlorinated

polyethylene, Polyethylene, Ethyl vinyl alcohol copolymers laminated ("EVAL"), Polychloroprene (Neoprene\*), Nitrile/butadiene rubber ("nitrile" or "NBR"), Polyvinyl chloride ("PVC" or "vinyl"), Fluoroelastomer (Viton\*).

When prolonged or frequently repeated contact may occur, a glove with protection class of 5 or higher (breakthrough time greater than 240 minutes according to EN374) is recommended.

When only brief contact is expected, a glove with protection class of 3 or higher (breakthrough time greater than 60 minutes according to EN374) is recommended. Contaminated gloves should be decontaminated and disposed of.

Notice: The selection of a specific glove for a particular application and duration of use in a workplace should also take into account all requisite workplace factors such as, but not limited to: other chemicals that may be handled, physical requirements (cut/puncture protection, dexterity, thermal protection), as well as instructions/specifications provided by the glove supplier.

**Eye protection:**

Safety eyewear complying with an approved standard should be used when a risk assessment indicates this is necessary to avoid exposure to liquid splashes, mists or dusts.

Chemical splash goggles.

Always wear eye protection when the potential for inadvertent eye contact with the product cannot be excluded.

Please follow all applicable local/national requirements when selecting protective measures for a specific workplace.

Ensure that eyewash stations and safety showers are close to the workstation location.

**Skin and body protection:** Impervious clothing

Choose body protection according to the amount and concentration of the dangerous substance at the work place.

Recommended:

Overall (preferably heavy cotton) or Tyvek-Pro Tech 'C' , Tyvek Pro 'F' disposable coverall.

**Protective measures:** Personal protective equipment comprising: suitable protective gloves, safety goggles and protective clothing

The type of protective equipment must be selected according to the concentration and amount of the dangerous substance at the specific workplace.

Ensure that eye flushing systems and safety showers are located close to the working place.

**Hygiene measures:**

Handle in accordance with good industrial hygiene and safety practice.

Wash face, hands and any exposed skin thoroughly after handling.

Remove contaminated clothing and protective equipment before entering eating areas.

When using do not eat, drink or smoke.

Contaminated work clothing should not be allowed out of the workplace.

Wash hands before breaks and immediately after handling the product.

Wash hands before breaks and at the end of workday.

## Section 9 – Physical Properties

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<b>Appearance:</b>	liquid
<b>Colour:</b>	No data is available on the product itself.
<b>Odour:</b>	No data is available on the product itself.
<b>Odour Threshold:</b>	No data is available on the product itself.
<b>pH:</b>	No data is available on the product itself.
<b>Melting point/freezing point:</b>	-16.5 - -12.3 °C Method: Melting / Freezing Temperature
<b>Boiling point:</b>	No data is available on the product itself.
<b>Flash point:</b>	> 210 °C Method: Flash-Point, closed cup
<b>Evaporation rate:</b>	No data is available on the product itself.
<b>Flammability (solid, gas):</b>	No data is available on the product itself.
<b>Flammability (liquids):</b>	No data is available on the product itself.
<b>Upper explosion limit:</b>	No data is available on the product itself.
<b>Lower explosion limit:</b>	No data is available on the product itself.
<b>Vapour pressure:</b>	0.0000245 hPa (20 °C) Method: Vapour Pressure
<b>Relative vapour density:</b>	No data is available on the product itself.
<b>Relative density:</b>	No data is available on the product itself.
<b>Density:</b>	1.23 g/cm <sup>3</sup> (20 °C) Method: Relative Density
<b>Solubility(ies)</b>	
<b>Water solubility</b>	
<b>Solubility in other solvents:</b>	No data is available on the product itself.
<b>Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water:</b>	log Pow: 15.98 (20 °C) GLP: no
<b>Auto-ignition temperature:</b>	No data is available on the product itself.
<b>Thermal decomposition:</b>	No data is available on the product itself.
<b>Self-Accelerating decomposition temperature (SADT):</b>	No data is available on the product itself.
<b>Viscosity</b>	
<b>Viscosity, kinematic:</b>	370 mm <sup>2</sup> /s (20 °C)
<b>Explosive properties:</b>	No data is available on the product itself.
<b>Oxidizing properties:</b>	None.
<b>Particle size:</b>	No data is available on the product itself.

## Section 10 – Stability and Reactivity

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<b>Reactivity:</b>	No dangerous reaction known under conditions of normal use.
<b>Chemical stability:</b>	Stable under normal conditions.
<b>Possibility of hazardous reactions:</b>	Reaction with water (moisture) produces CO <sub>2</sub> -gas. Exothermic reaction with materials containing active hydrogen groups. The reaction becomes progressively more vigorous and can be violent at higher temperatures if the miscibility of the reaction partners is good or is supported by stirring or by the presence of solvents. MDI is insoluble with, and heavier than water and sinks to the bottom but reacts slowly at the interface. A solid water-insoluble layer of polyurea is formed at the interface by liberating carbon dioxide gas.

**Conditions to avoid:** Extremes of temperature and direct sunlight.  
Exposure to air or moisture over prolonged periods.

**Incompatible materials:** Acids  
Amines  
Bases  
Metals  
water

**Hazardous decomposition products:**  
Carbon dioxide (CO<sub>2</sub>), carbon monoxide (CO), oxides of nitrogen (NO<sub>x</sub>), dense black smoke. Hydrocarbons Hydrogen cyanide (hydrocyanic acid) Burning produces noxious and toxic fumes.

## Section 11 – Toxicological Information

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**Information on likely routes of exposure:** No data is available on the product itself.

### Acute toxicity

**Acute oral toxicity - Product:** LD50 (Rat, female): > 5,000 mg/kg  
Method: OECD Test Guideline 425  
GLP: yes

**Acute inhalation toxicity - Product:** Acute toxicity estimate: 1.38 mg/l  
Exposure time: 4 h  
Test atmosphere: dust/mist  
Method: Calculation method

**Acute dermal toxicity - Product:** LD50 (Rabbit, male and female): > 9,400 mg/kg  
Method: OECD Test Guideline 402  
GLP: no

**Acute toxicity (other routes of administration):** No data available

### Skin corrosion/irritation

**Product:** Species: Rabbit  
Assessment: Irritant  
Method: OECD Test Guideline 404  
Result: Irritating to skin.  
GLP: yes

### Serious eye damage/eye irritation

**Components:** 4,4'-methylenediphenyl diisocyanate:  
Species: Rabbit  
Result: Mild eye irritation

1,3-Butanediol, polymer with 1,1'-methylenebis[4-isocyanatobenzene], [(1-methyl-1,2-ethanediyl)bis(oxy)]bis[propanol] and 1,2-propanediol:  
Result: Mild eye irritation

Homopolymer of methylenediphenyl diisocyanate:  
Species: Rabbit  
Result: Mild eye irritation  
Method: OECD Test Guideline 405

2,6-di-tert-butyl-p-cresol:  
Species: Rabbit  
Assessment: No eye irritation

### **Respiratory or skin sensitisation**

**Product:** Exposure routes: Respiratory Tract  
Species: Guinea pig  
Result: Causes sensitisation.

Exposure routes: Skin  
Species: Guinea pig  
Method: OECD Test Guideline 406  
Result: Causes sensitisation.

**Components:** 4,4'-methylenediphenyl diisocyanate:  
Assessment: May cause sensitisation by inhalation and skin contact.

### **Germ cell mutagenicity**

**Product:**  
Genotoxicity in vitro: Concentration: ca 5000 ug/plate  
Metabolic activation: with and without metabolic activation  
Method: OECD Test Guideline 471  
Result: negative  
GLP: yes

**Product:**  
Genotoxicity in vivo: Application Route: Inhalation  
Exposure time: 3 Weeks  
Dose: 118 mg/m<sup>3</sup>  
Method: OECD Test Guideline 474  
Result: negative  
GLP: yes

### **Carcinogenicity**

**Product:**  
Remarks: Rats have been exposed for two years to a respirable aerosol of polymeric MDI which resulted in a chronic pulmonary irritation at high concentrations. Only at the top level (6 mg/m<sup>3</sup>), there was a significant incidence of a benign tumour of the lung (adenoma) and one malignant tumour (adenocarcinoma). There were no lung tumours at 1 mg/m<sup>3</sup> and no effects at 0.2 mg/m<sup>3</sup>. Overall, the tumour incidence, both benign and malignant, and the number of animals with the tumours were not different from controls. The increased incidence of lung tumours is associated with prolonged respiratory irritation and the concurrent accumulation of yellow material in the lung, which occurred throughout the study. In the absence of prolonged exposure to high concentrations leading to chronic irritation and lung damage, it is highly unlikely that tumour formation will occur.

Species: Rat, (male and female)  
Application Route: Inhalation  
Exposure time: 24 month(s)  
Dose: 1 mg/m<sup>3</sup>  
Frequency of Treatment: 5 daily  
Method: OECD Test Guideline 453  
Result: negative

Carcinogenicity - Assessment: No data available



### **Repeated dose toxicity**

**Product:** Species: Rat, male and female  
: 0.2 mg/m<sup>3</sup>  
Test atmosphere: dust/mist  
Exposure time: 2 yr  
Number of exposures: 5 d  
Method: OECD Test Guideline 453

Species: Rat, male and female  
: 1 mg/m<sup>3</sup>  
Test atmosphere: dust/mist  
Exposure time: 2,160 h  
Number of exposures: 5 d  
Method: OECD Test Guideline 413

Repeated dose toxicity – Assessment: No data available

### **Aspiration toxicity**

No data available

### **Experience with human exposure**

General Information: No data available  
Inhalation: No data available  
Skin contact: No data available  
Eye contact: No data available  
Ingestion: No data available

### **Toxicology, Metabolism, Distribution**

No data available

### **Neurological effects**

No data available

### **Further information**

Ingestion: No data available

## **Section 12 – Ecological Information**

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### **Ecotoxicity**

Toxicity to fish - Product: LC50 (Brachydanio rerio (zebrafish)): > 1,000 mg/l  
Exposure time: 96 h  
Test Type: static test  
Test substance: Fresh water  
Method: OECD Test Guideline 203  
GLP: no

Toxicity to daphnia  
and other aquatic invertebrates

- Product: EC50 (Daphnia magna (Water flea)): > 1,000 mg/l  
Exposure time: 24 h  
Test Type: static test  
Test substance: Fresh water

Method: OECD Test Guideline 202

GLP: no

Toxicity to algae - Product: EC50 (Desmodesmus subspicatus (Scenedesmus subspicatus)): > 1,640 mg/l  
Exposure time: 72 h  
Test Type: static test  
Test substance: Fresh water  
Method: OECD Test Guideline 201  
GLP: yes

**Components:**

2,6-di-tert-butyl-p-cresol:

M-Factor (Acute aquatic toxicity): 1

Toxicity to fish (Chronic toxicity)

- Product: GLP: no

Toxicity to daphnia and other aquatic invertebrates (Chronic toxicity)

- Product: NOEC (Brachydanio rerio (zebrafish)): >= 10 mg/l

Exposure time: 21 d

Test Type: semi-static test

Test substance: Fresh water

Method: OECD Test Guideline 211

M-Factor (Chronic aquatic toxicity): No data available

Toxicity to microorganisms - Product: EC50 (activated sludge): > 100 mg/l

Exposure time: 3 h

Test Type: static test

Test substance: Fresh water

Method: OECD Test Guideline 209

GLP: no

Toxicity to soil dwelling organisms

- Product: EC50 (Eisenia fetida (earthworms)): > 1,000 mg/kg

Exposure time: 336 h

Method: OECD Test Guideline 207

GLP: yes

Sediment toxicity: No data available

Toxicity to terrestrial organisms: No data available

Ecotoxicology Assessment

Acute aquatic toxicity: No data available

Chronic aquatic toxicity: No data available

Toxicity Data on Soil: No data available

Other organisms relevant to the environment: No data available

Plant toxicity: No data available

**Persistence and degradability**

Biodegradability - Product: Inoculum: Domestic sewage

Concentration: 30 mg/l

Result: Not biodegradable

Biodegradation: 0 %

Exposure time: 28 d

Method: Inherent Biodegradability: Modified MITI Test (II)

Biochemical Oxygen Demand (BOD):	No data available
Chemical Oxygen Demand (COD):	No data available
BOD/COD:	No data available
ThOD:	No data available
BOD/ThOD:	No data available
Dissolved organic carbon (DOC):	No data available
Physico-chemical removability:	No data available
Stability in water - Product:	Method: No information available. GLP: yes Remarks: see user defined free text Method: No information available. GLP: no Remarks: see user defined free text
Photodegradation:	No data available
Impact on Sewage Treatment:	No data available
<b>Bioaccumulative potential</b>	
Bioaccumulation - Product:	Species: Cyprinus carpio (Carp) Bioconcentration factor (BCF): 200 GLP: yes Remarks: Bioaccumulation is unlikely.
Partition coefficient: n-octanol/ water - Product:	log Pow: 15.98 (20 °C) GLP: no
<b>Mobility in soil</b>	
Mobility:	No data available
<b>Components:</b>	
2,6-di-tert-butyl-p-cresol:	
Distribution among environmental compartments:	Koc: 8183
Stability in soil:	No data available
<b>Other adverse effects</b>	
Environmental fate and pathways:	No data available
Results of PBT and vPvB assessment:	No data available
Endocrine disrupting potential:	No data available
Adsorbed organic bound halogens (AOX):	No data available
<b>Hazardous to the ozone layer</b>	
Ozone-Depletion Potential:	Regulation: 40 CFR Protection of Environment; Part 82 Protection of Stratospheric Ozone - CAA Section 602 Class I Substances Remarks: This product neither contains, nor was manufactured with a Class I or Class II ODS as defined by the U.S. Clean Air Act Section 602 (40 CFR 82, Subpt. A, App.A + B).
Additional ecological information:	No data available
Global warming potential (GWP):	No data available

### Section 13 – Disposal Consideration

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**Waste Disposal Method:**

Waste from residues: Do not dispose of waste into sewer.  
Do not contaminate ponds, waterways or ditches with chemical or used container.  
Send to a licensed waste management company.

Contaminated packaging: Empty remaining contents.  
Dispose of as unused product.  
Do not re-use empty containers.

### Section 14 – Transportation Information

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**International Regulations****IATA**

Not regulated as dangerous goods

**IMDG**

Not regulated as dangerous goods

**Transport in bulk according to Annex II of MARPOL 73/78 and the IBC Code**

Not applicable for product as supplies.

**National Regulations****DOT Classification**

UN/ID/NA Number: NA3082  
Proper shipping name: OTHER REGULATED SUBSTANCES, LIQUID, N.O.S.  
(Methylene Diphenyl Diisocyanate)  
Class: 9  
Packing group: III  
Labels: CLASS 9  
ERG Code: 171  
Marine pollutant: no

### Section 15 – Regulatory Information

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**EPCRA – Emergency Planning and Community Right-to-Know Act****CERCLA Reportable Quantity**

Components	CAS-No	Component RQ (lbs)	Calculated product RQ (lbs)
4,4'-methylenediphenyl diisocyanate	101-68-8	5000	9081
Acetone	67-64-1	5000	*

\*: Calculated RQ exceeds reasonably attainable upper limit.

**SARA 311/312 Hazards:** Acute Health Hazard

**SARA 313:** The following components are subject to reporting levels established by SARA Title III, Section 313:

The following chemical(s) are listed as HAP under the U.S. Clean Air Act, Section 12 (40 CFR 61):  
4,4'-methylenediphenyl diisocyanate 101-68-8 55.055 %

**California Prop. 65**

This product does not contain any chemicals known to State of California to cause cancer, birth defects, or any other reproductive harm.

**The components of this product are reported in the following inventories:**

CH INV:	The formulation contains substances listed on the Swiss Inventory, On the inventory, or in compliance with the inventory
DSL:	All components of this product are on the Canadian DSL
AICS:	Not in compliance with the inventory
NZIoC:	Not in compliance with the inventory
ENCS:	On the inventory, or in compliance with the inventory
KECI:	Not in compliance with the inventory
PICCS:	Not in compliance with the inventory
IECSC:	Not in compliance with the inventory
TCSI:	Not in compliance with the inventory
TSCA:	On the inventory, or in compliance with the inventory

**Inventories**

AICS (Australia), DSL (Canada), IECSC (China), REACH (European Union), ENCS (Japan), ISHL (Japan), KECI (Korea), NZIoC (New Zealand), PICCS (Philippines), TCSI (Taiwan), TSCA (USA)

**TSCA - 5(a) Significant New Use Rule List of Chemicals**

No substances are subject to a Significant New Use Rule.

**US. Toxic Substances Control Act (TSCA) Section 12(b) Export Notification (40 CFR 707, Subpt D)**

No substances are subject to TSCA 12(b) export notification requirements.

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**Section 16 – Other Information**

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The method of hazard communication for Oak Ridge Foam & Coating Systems, Inc is comprised of Product Labels and Safety Data Sheets.

Contact: Product Safety Department  
Telephone: 800-625-9577  
Version Date: 04/02/2015  
SDS Version: 1.0

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Manufacturer of High Performance Foam/Coatings & Application Equipment  
800-625-9577 920-294-6800 920-294-6830 Fax  
575 Commercial Ave., Green Lake, WI 54941 [www.oakridgepoly.com](http://www.oakridgepoly.com)

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## Safety Data Sheet

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### OR-BLBM, Part B

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#### Section 1 – Identification

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Oak Ridge Foam & Coating Systems, Inc  
575 Commercial Ave  
Green Lake, WI 54941

Emergency Telephone: (800) 424-9300 Chemtrec  
800-625-9577 Oak Ridge Foam & Coating Systems, Inc  
BOTH NUMBERS ARE AVAILABLE DAYS, NIGHTS, WEEKENDS, & HOLIDAYS

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#### Section 2 – Hazards Identification

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##### GHS Classification

Eye irritation: Category 2B

##### GHS Label Elements

Hazard pictograms:



Signal word: Warning

Hazard Statements: Causes eye irritation.

##### Precautionary statements:

##### Prevention:

Obtain special instructions before use.

Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood.

Keep away from heat/sparks/open flames/hot surfaces. - No smoking.

Wash skin thoroughly after handling.

Wear protective gloves/ protective clothing/ eye protection/ face protection.

##### Response:

IF SWALLOWED: Rinse mouth. Do NOT induce vomiting.

IF ON SKIN (or hair): Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. Rinse skin with water/shower.

IF INHALED: Remove person to fresh air and keep comfortable for breathing. Immediately call a POISON CENTER or doctor/ physician.

IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. Immediately call a POISON CENTER or doctor/ physician.

IF exposed or concerned: Get medical advice/ attention.

Wash contaminated clothing before reuse.

In case of fire: Use dry sand, dry chemical or alcohol-resistant foam to extinguish.

**Storage:**

Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep cool. Store locked up.

**Disposal:**

Dispose of contents/ container to an approved waste disposal plant.

### Section 3 – Composition and Information on Ingredients

Weight Percent	Components	CAS-No.	Classification
<5%	3-Ethyl-2-methyl-2-(3-methylbutyl)1,3-oxazolidine	143860-04-2	Combustible Liquid Category 4. Skin corrosion Category 1A. Serious eye damage Category 1. Reproductive toxicity Category 1B
70-80%	Castor oil	8001-79-4	Eye Irritation Category 2B
10-20%	Trade secret	Trade Secret	Not available

The specific chemical identity and/or exact percentage of component(s) have been withheld as a trade secret.

### Section 4 – First Aid Measures

#### Description of first aid measures

**General advice:** Remove contaminated clothing.

**If inhaled:** Remove the affected individual into fresh air and keep the person calm. Assist in breathing if necessary. Immediate medical attention required.

**In case of skin contact:** Wash affected areas thoroughly with soap and water. Immediate medical attention required.

**In case of eye contact:** In case of contact with the eyes, rinse immediately for at least 15 minutes with plenty of water. Immediate medical attention required.

**If swallowed:** Rinse mouth and then drink plenty of water. Do not induce vomiting. Never induce vomiting or give anything by mouth if the victim is unconscious or having convulsions. Immediate medical attention required.

#### Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

#### Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

**Note to physician:**

**Treatment:** Treat according to symptoms (decontamination, vital functions), no known specific antidote. Pulmonary edema prophylaxis. Medical monitoring for at least 24 hours.

### Section 5 – Fire Fighting Measures

**Extinguishing media:** Suitable extinguishing media: water spray, dry powder, alcohol-resistant foam, carbon dioxide

**Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture:** Hazards during fire-fighting: toxic gases/vapors  
Depolymerization and liberation of the mentioned substances/groups of substances.

**Advice for fire-fighters Protective equipment for fire-fighting:** Firefighters should be equipped with self-contained breathing apparatus and turn-out gear.

**Further information:** If exposed to fire, keep containers cool by spraying with water. Collect contaminated extinguishing water separately, do not allow to reach sewage or effluent systems.

**Impact Sensitivity:** Remarks: Based on the chemical structure there is no shock-sensitivity.

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## Section 6 – Accidental Release Measures

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### **Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures:**

General Measures: Caution: this product can cause the floor to be very slippery. Wear appropriate respiratory protection. Use personal protective clothing. Ensure adequate ventilation.

### **Environmental precautions**

Do not discharge into drains/surface waters/groundwater.

### **Methods and material for containment and cleaning up**

Spills should be contained, solidified, and placed in suitable containers for disposal.

### **Spill and Leak Procedures**

Implement site emergency response plan. Evacuate non-emergency personnel. The magnitude of the evacuation depends upon the quantity released, site conditions, and the ambient temperature. Isolate the area and prevent access of unauthorized personnel. Notify management. Call CHEMTREC at 1-800-424-9300 for assistance and advice.

Wear necessary personal protective equipment (PPE) as specified in the SDS or the site emergency response plan. Ventilate and remove ignition sources. Control the source of the leak. Contain the released material by damming, diking, retaining, or diverting into an appropriate containment area. Absorb or pump off as much of the spilled material as possible. When using absorbent, completely cover the spill area with suitable absorbent material (e.g., vermiculite, kitty litter, Oil-Dri®, etc...). Allow for the absorbent material to absorb the spilled liquid. Shovel the absorbent material into an approved metal container (i.e., 55-gallon salvage drum). Do not fill the container more than 2/3 full to allow for expansion, and do not tighten the lid on the container. Repeat application of absorbent material until all liquid has been removed from the surface.

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## Section 7 – Storage and Handling

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### **Technical measures:**

Ensure that eyewash stations and safety showers are close to the workstation location.

### **Precautions for safe handling**

Ensure thorough ventilation of stores and work areas. Handle in accordance with good industrial hygiene and safety practice. Remove contaminated clothing and protective equipment before entering eating areas. Hands and/or face should be washed before

breaks and at the end of the shift. When using do not eat, drink or smoke. Keep away from sources of ignition - No smoking. Keep container tightly sealed.

**Protection against fire and explosion:**

Prevent electrostatic charge - sources of ignition should be kept well clear - fire extinguishers should be kept handy.

**Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities**

Segregate from acids and acid forming substances.

**Further information on storage conditions:**

Keep container tightly closed in a cool, well-ventilated place.

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## Section 8 – Exposure Controls/Personal Protection

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**No occupational exposure limits known for components.**

**Advice on system design:** Provide local exhaust ventilation to control vapors/mists.

**Personal protective equipment**

**Respiratory protection:** Use a properly fitted, air-purifying or air-fed respirator complying with an approved standard if a risk assessment indicates this is necessary. Respirator selection must be based on known or anticipated exposure levels, the hazards of the product and the safe working limits of the selected respirator.

**Hand protection Remarks:** The suitability for a specific workplace should be discussed with the producers of the protective gloves. Protective gloves should be worn when handling freshly made polyurethane products to avoid contact with trace residual materials which may be hazardous in contact with skin. Use chemical resistant gloves classified under Standard EN374: protective gloves against chemicals and microorganisms. Examples of glove materials that might provide suitable protection include: Butyl rubber, Chlorinated polyethylene, Polyethylene, Ethyl vinyl alcohol copolymers laminated (“EVAL”), Polychloroprene (Neoprene\*), Nitrile/butadiene rubber (“nitrile” or “NBR”), Polyvinyl chloride (“PVC” or “vinyl”), Fluoroelastomer (Viton\*).

When prolonged or frequently repeated contact may occur, a glove with protection class of 5 or higher (breakthrough time greater than 240 minutes according to EN374) is recommended.

When only brief contact is expected, a glove with protection class of 3 or higher (breakthrough time greater than 60 minutes according to EN374) is recommended. Contaminated gloves should be decontaminated and disposed of.

Notice: The selection of a specific glove for a particular application and duration of use in a workplace should also take into account all requisite workplace factors such as, but not limited to: other chemicals that may be handled, physical requirements (cut/puncture protection, dexterity, thermal protection), as well as instructions/specifications provided by the glove supplier.

**Eye protection:** Safety eyewear complying with an approved standard should be used when a risk assessment indicates this is necessary to avoid exposure to liquid splashes,

mists or dusts.  
Chemical splash goggles.

Always wear eye protection when the potential for inadvertent eye contact with the product cannot be excluded.

Please follow all applicable local/national requirements when selecting protective measures for a specific workplace.

Ensure that eyewash stations and safety showers are close to the workstation location.

**Skin and body protection:** Impervious clothing

Choose body protection according to the amount and concentration of the dangerous substance at the work place.

Recommended:

Overall (preferably heavy cotton) or Tyvek-Pro Tech 'C' , Tyvek Pro 'F' disposable coverall.

**Protective measures:** Personal protective equipment comprising: suitable protective gloves, safety goggles and protective clothing

The type of protective equipment must be selected according to the concentration and amount of the dangerous substance at the specific workplace.

Ensure that eye flushing systems and safety showers are located close to the working place.

**Hygiene measures:** Handle in accordance with good industrial hygiene and safety practice.

Wash face, hands and any exposed skin thoroughly after handling.

Remove contaminated clothing and protective equipment before entering eating areas.

When using do not eat, drink or smoke.

Contaminated work clothing should not be allowed out of the workplace.

Wash hands before breaks and immediately after handling the product.

Wash hands before breaks and at the end of workday.

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## Section 9 – Physical Properties

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<b>State of Matter:</b>	liquid
<b>Appearance:</b>	liquid
<b>Color:</b>	pale yellow
<b>Odor:</b>	characteristic
<b>Odor Threshold:</b>	No Data Available
<b>pH:</b>	No Data Available
<b>Boiling Point:</b>	>300 °C (572°F)
<b>Flash Point:</b>	>200 °C (392 °F)
<b>Evaporation Rate:</b>	No Data Available
<b>Lower explosion limit:</b>	No Data Available
<b>Upper explosion limit:</b>	No Data Available
<b>Vapor Pressure:</b>	No Data Available
<b>Vapor Density:</b>	No Data Available
<b>Density:</b>	No Data Available
<b>Relative Vapor Density:</b>	No Data Available
<b>Specific Gravity:</b>	1.00

<b>Solubility in Water:</b>	Insoluble
<b>Partition Coefficient: n-octanol/water:</b>	No Data Available
<b>Auto-ignition Temperature:</b>	No Data Available
<b>Decomposition Temperature:</b>	Not established
<b>Dynamic Viscosity:</b>	No data available
<b>Kinematic Viscosity:</b>	No Data Available
<b>Bulk Density:</b>	1,002 kg/m <sup>3</sup>
<b>Self Ignition:</b>	Not applicable
<b>Self-ignition temperature:</b>	Based on its structural properties the product is not classified as self-igniting.
<b>Thermal decomposition:</b>	No data available
<b>Viscosity, dynamic:</b>	No data available
<b>Viscosity, kinematic:</b>	No data available
<b>Particle size:</b>	The substance / product is marketed or used in a non solid or granular form.
<b>Miscibility with water:</b>	Not miscible
<b>Molar mass:</b>	No data available
<b>Evaporation rate:</b>	Value can be approximated from Henry's Law Constant or vapor pressure.
<b>Other Information:</b>	If necessary, information on other physical and chemical parameters is indicated in this section.

## Section 10 – Stability and Reactivity

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### Reactivity

**Corrosion to metals:** Corrosive effects to metal are not anticipated.

**Oxidizing properties:** Based on its structural properties the product is not classified as oxidizing.

**Formation of flammable gases:** Remarks: Forms no flammable gases in the presence of water.

### Chemical stability

**Possibility of hazardous reactions:** Evolution of heat under influence of acids.

### Conditions to avoid

**Incompatible materials:** Avoid contact with acids, isocyanates, oxidizing agents and moisture

**Hazardous decomposition products:** carbon dioxide, carbon monoxide, nitrogen oxides

**Thermal decomposition:** Not data available.

## Section 11 – Toxicological Information

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### Primary routes of exposure

Routes of entry for solids and liquids are ingestion and inhalation. May include eye or skin contact.

Routes of entry for gases include inhalation and eye contact. Skin contact may be a route of entry for liquefied gases.

### Toxicity data for components

Components	Result	Species	Dose	Exposure
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3-Ethyl-2-methyl-2-(3-methylbutyl)1,3-oxazolidine (CAS# 143860-04-2)	LD50 oral	Rat, male	4,400 mg/kg	--
	LD50 oral	Rat, female	3,000 mg/kg	--
	LD50 dermal	Rat, male and female	> 2,000 mg/kg	--

### Toxicity of other components not established

#### Acute Toxicity/Effects

Acute toxicity Assessment of acute toxicity: Product: not established

Assessment other acute effects Assessment of STOT single: Product: not established.

Irritation / corrosion Assessment of irritating effects: Corrosive! Damages skin and eyes.

Sensitization Assessment of sensitization: No data available.

Aspiration Hazard No aspiration hazard expected.

#### Chronic Toxicity/Effects

Repeated dose toxicity Assessment of repeated dose toxicity: Product: not established

Genetic toxicity Assessment of mutagenicity: Product: not established.

Carcinogenicity Assessment of carcinogenicity: No data available concerning carcinogenic effects.

Reproductive toxicity Assessment of reproduction toxicity: Product: not established.

Teratogenicity Assessment of teratogenicity: Product: not established.

Other Information No experimental evidence available for genotoxicity in vitro (Ames test negative).  
Literature data.

## Section 12 – Ecological Information

**Ecology:** Harmful to aquatic life

#### Ecological Data for components

Components	Acute Toxicity	Time	Species	Exposure
3-Ethyl-2-methyl-2-(3-methylbutyl)1,3-oxazolidine (CAS# 143860-04-2)	LC50 (129 mg/L)	96.0 h	Rainbow trout	--
	EC50 (52.00 mg/L)	48.0 hg	Water flea	--
	EbC50 (0.99 mg/L)	72 h	Green algae	--
	End point: Biomass EC50 (> 100 mg/L)	3 h	activated sludge	--

#### Bioaccumulation

Not established for product.

#### Persistence and degradability

Not available for product.

## Section 13 – Disposal Consideration

#### Waste Disposal Method:

Waste disposal should be in accordance with existing federal, state and local environmental control laws. Incineration is the preferred method.

### Empty Container Precautions

Empty containers retain product residue; observe all precautions for product. Do not heat or cut empty container with electric or gas torch because highly toxic vapors and gases are formed. Do not reuse without thorough commercial cleaning and reconditioning. If container is to be disposed, ensure all product residues are removed prior to disposal.

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## Section 14 – Transportation Information

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### Land transport

#### USDOT

Not regulated

### Sea transport

Not regulated. Not a marine pollutant

### Air transport

Not regulated

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## Section 15 – Regulatory Information

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### United States Federal Regulations

**US Toxic Substances Control Act:** Listed on the TSCA Inventory

**U.S. EPA EPCRA 311/312 (Hazard categories): Acute;**

### NFPA Hazard codes:

Health: 1      Fire: 2      Reactivity: 1      Special:

### HMIS III rating

Health: 1      Flammability: 2      Physical hazard: 0

### Assessment of the hazard classes according to UN GHS criteria (most recent version):

Skin Corr./Irrit. 1C		Skin corrosion/irritation
Aquatic Acute	3	Hazardous to the aquatic environment - acute
Aquatic Chronic	2	Hazardous to the aquatic environment - chronic
Eye Dam./Irrit.	1	Serious eye damage/eye irritation

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## Section 16 – Other Information

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The method of hazard communication for Oak Ridge Foam & Coating Systems, Inc is comprised of Product Labels and Safety Data Sheets.

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Telephone:                  800-625-9577  
Version Date:                02/18/2018  
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